Table 2. Light requirements of selected crops.					
Group A - Crops with low light requirements (37%)					
Blackpepper, Cacao, Coffee, Tomato	12-36				
Cabbage, Cowpea, Ginger	24-36				
Vanilla	12-37				
Strap-leaf vandas	6-10				
Begonia	6-13				
Dendrobium, Semi-terete vandas	12-36				
African Violets, Ferns (most species), Philodendron	6-12				
Group B. Crops with wide range of light requirements (36-95%)					

Banana, Pineapple, Papaya	Cucurbits				
Cashew, Citrus, Mangosteen	Sweet potato, Potato				
Corn, Rice, Cotton, Tobacco	Eggplant, Sweet pepper				
Coconut	Chrysanthemum, Gladiolus				
Winged bean, Lima Bean	Terete vandas, Poinsettia				
Grapes, Muskmelon	Rose				
Peanut (24-95)	Pigeon pea				
Group C. Crops with very high light requirements					
(63-100%)					
Sugarcane	72-100				
Wheat	63-100				

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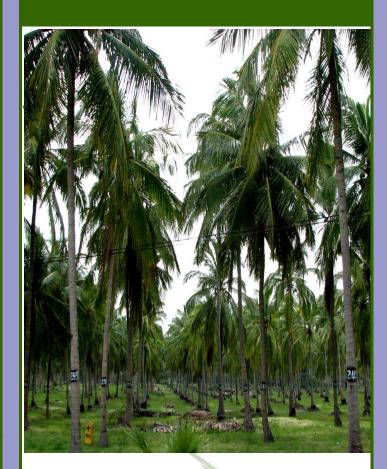
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The Light Levels Under Coconut Canopy and their Practical Applications in Intercropping

Importance of light

It is a common knowledge that sunlight is important in the manufacture of food through the process called photosynthesis. By this, carbon dioxide, in the presence of water and light, is converted into plant food as follows:

Light measurement at varying coconut distances and ages

$6 CO_2 + 6 H_2O ---> C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2$

Knowing the amount of sunlight transmitted at varying tall coconut stands (different distances ages and planting design) would be very helpful in maximizing intercropping activities. However, to measure this in actual field is very tedious, hence, computer modeling was resorted to. Coconut plantations at varying distances and ages

Practical Applications

were created in the computer where the amount of transmitted sunlight was calculated.

Since the level of light transmitted under different coconut stands is already determined (Table 1) and light requirement of some crops had been established (Table 2), two most important applications are possible:

1. On existing palms - Farmers can be guided in choosing the appropriate intercrop to plant under his coconut palms. All he has to do is to determine the distance of planting and the estimated age of his coconut palms and refer to Table 1 for the amount of light under this stand. Then turn to Table

2. For new coconut plantings - Farmers can be guided in choosing the distance of coconut planting he should adopt that will provide the required level of light needed by the intercrop he has in mind. He should consult Table 2 for the light requirement of that particular intercrop then turn to Table 1 for the appropriate distance of planting coconut which can provide the level

Table 1. Chardeded Bable barrenterten and and the distance

Table 1. Simulated light transmission according to distance (density) and crop suitability.					
	20 years old		40 years old		
Distance / System of Planting*	% Light	Suitable crop**	% Light	Suitable crop**	
7 x 7 m sq. (204)	-	-	22	А	
7.5 X 7.5 m sq. (178)	11	А	30	А	
7.5 X 7.5 m tri (205)	1	-	22	А	
8 x 8 m sq. (156)	20	А	37	A,B	
8 x 8 m tri (180)	10	A	30	А	
8.5 x 8.5 m sq (138)	27	A	43	В	
8.5 x 8.5 m tri (160)	18	А	36	A,B	
9 x9 m sq (123)	32	А	47	В	
9 x9 m tri (143)	25	А	41	В	
10 x 10 m sq. (100)	41	В	55	В	
10 x 10 m tri. (115)	36	A,B	50	В	
11 x 11 m sq (83)	48	В	60	В	
11 x 11 m tri (95)	43	В	56	В	
12 x 12 m sq (69)	53	В	64	В	
12 x 12 m tri (80)	49	В	61	В	
7 x 8 m rec (178)	11	A	30	A,B	
7 x 9 m rec (159)	19	A	36	A,B	
7 x 10 m rec (143)	25	А	41	В	
7 x 11 m rec (139)	26	A	42	В	
7 x 12 m rec (119)	34	А	49	В	
7 x 13 m rec (110)	38	В	51	В	
7 x 14 m rec (102)	41	В	54	В	
7 x 15 m rec (95)	43	В	56	В	

Table 1 continued						
Distance /System	20 years old		40 years old			
of Planting	% Light	Suitable crop	% Light	Suitable crop		
8 x 9 m rec (139)	26	A	42	В		
8 x 10 m rec (125)	32	A	47	В		
8 x 11 m rec (114)	36	A,B	50	В		
8 x 12 m rec (104)	40	В	53	В		
8 x 13 m rec (96)	43	В	56	В		
8 x 14 m rec (89)	46	В	58	В		
8 x 15 m rec (83)	48	В	60	В		
9 x 10 m rec (111)	37	A,B	51	В		
9 x 11 m rec (101)	41	В	54	В		
9 x 12 m rec (92)	44	В	57	В		
9 x 13 m rec (85)	47	В	59	В		
9 x 14 m rec (79)	49	В	61	В		
9 x 15 m rec (74)	51	В	63	В		
10 x 11 m rec (91)	45	В	57	В		
10 x 12 m rec (83)	48	В	60	В		
10 x 13 m rec (77)	50	В	62	В		
10 x 14 m rec (71)	53	В	64	B,C		
10 x 15 m rec (67)	54	В	65	B,C		

 Figures in parentheses are the number of coconut trees/hectare

** A,B and C are the particular suitable intercrops (Table 2)

Note:

Crop suitability is based mainly on light requirement. Farmers have to consider other factors like market potential, food security and other soil and climatic requirements of a particular intercrop.